## DOCTORAL QUALIFYING EXAM IN ANALYSIS

February 15, 1996

## (3 hours)

1. Let  $f_n : \mathcal{R} \to \mathcal{R}$  be continuous,  $f_n \in L(\mathcal{R})$  and  $f_n \stackrel{a.e}{\to} f$  on  $\mathcal{R}$ .. Find  $\lim_{n\to\infty} \int_{\mathcal{R}} e^{-|x|} \cos(f_n(x)) dx$ .

2. Let r > 0 and  $g \in C[0, r]$ . Show that the following integral equation has a unique solution in C[0, r]:

$$f(x) = g(x) + \int_0^x xy e^{-xy^2} f(y) dy.$$

3. (a) Show that  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{\sqrt{n}} \sin(1+\frac{x}{n})$  converges uniformly for  $|x| \leq 1$ . Prove that it converges pointwise

on  $\mathcal{R}$ . (Hint: use  $1 + \frac{x}{n} \in [0, \pi/2)$  for n > 1).

(b) If  $f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{\sqrt{n}} \sin(1+\frac{x}{n})$ , show that f is differentiable on  $\mathcal{R}$  and

$$f'(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n^{3/2}} \cos(1+\frac{x}{n}).$$

4. Let  $f(x) = |x|^{1/2}$  on  $[-\pi, \pi]$  and be  $2\pi$ -periodic. Find the sum of the Fourier series of f for each

 $x \in [0, 2\pi].$ 

5. Describe the branches and the Riemann surface of the multivalued function  $\log \sqrt{z-1}$ .

6. Solve the Dirichlet problem

$$\begin{aligned} \triangle \varphi &= \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial y^2} \quad (0 < \arg z < \frac{\pi}{3}) \\ \varphi &= 0 \text{ for } \arg z = 0, \ \varphi = 1 \text{ for } \arg z = \frac{\pi}{3} \end{aligned}$$

where z = x + iy, by conformally transforming it to a problem on the half-plane y > 0.

7. For the function  $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2(z^2+i)}$ 

- (a) Find and classify all singularities and compute the residues.
- (b) Find the Laurent expansion for 0 < |z| < 1.
- (c) Find the Laurent expansion for 1 < |z|.

8. Compute the following integrals:

(a) 
$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos x}{x^2 + 1} dx$$
 (b)  $\int_1^\infty \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$  (c)  $\int_0^\infty \frac{\log x}{x^2 + 1} dx$ .