# 4.1 and 4.2 - Exponential functions

### Review problems

1. **Operations on exponents**. Simplify. Write answers with only positive exponents.

(a) 
$$\frac{(2x^3y)^4}{(2xy^{-1})^3}$$

(b) 
$$(16x^4y^8)^{3/4}$$

## Basic knowledge

2. Given function  $f(x) = 3 \cdot 4^{-x+1}$  evaluate:

(a) 
$$f(3)$$
,

(b) 
$$f(-2)$$
 (c)  $f(0)$  (d)  $f(\frac{3}{2})$ 

(c) 
$$f(0)$$

(d) 
$$f = \frac{3}{2}$$

3. Sketch the graph of each function. Label the asymptote (if any) and at least two points on each graph.

(a) 
$$y = 2^{x-1}$$

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 (b)  $y = -e^x + 4$  (c)  $y = e - x$ 

(c) 
$$y = e - x$$

4. Solve equation (hint: find the common base first):  $4^{x-5} = 8^{5x+1}$ 

#### Intermediate

5. Solve each equation:

(a) 
$$16^{-3x+2} = \frac{1}{32}$$
 (b)  $(\sqrt[3]{5})^{1-x} = 5^x$ 

(b) 
$$(\sqrt[4]{5})^{1-x} = 5^x$$

- 6. The population of Notown can be approximated by function  $P(t) = 10 \cdot 2^{t/10} + 50$ , where P is in thousands of people and t represents years after 1985. Find the population of Notown
  - (a) in 1985, (b) in 2005, (c) in 2035

### Advanced

7. Sketch the graph of the given function. Label the asymptote and at least two points on the graph.

$$y = 2 \cdot \frac{2}{3}^{-x+3} - 10$$

8. The population of bacteria in decreasing according to the function  $P(t) = a2^{bt}$ , where t is the number of hours since the beginning of an experiment. Find the values of a and b if there were 100 bacteria initially present, and there were 25 bacteria after 2 hours since the beginning of the experiment.