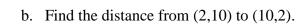
Math 107 Exam #2 April 2, 2014

	Problem(s)	Score	Total	
Time: 1 hour and 25 minutes Instructions: Show all work for full credit. No outside materials or calculators allowed. Extra Space: Use the backs of each sheet for extra space. Clearly label when doing so.				
Name:				
ID #:				
Instructor/Section:				
"I pledge by my honor that I have abided by the NJIT Academic Integrity Code."	ne			
(Signatur	e)			
1. Evaluate. (12 points):				
a. $\log_4 16 = $	b. \log_5	125 =		
c. ln <i>e</i> =	d. log1=	_		

2. **(6 points)**

a.	If the point (0,-5) is shifted 3 units to the left and 2 units up what are the new coordinates?



2a)_____

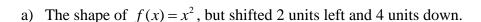
c. Find the midpoint between (2,10) and (10,2).

3. Let $\log_a 7 = 1.5$ and $\log_a 5 = 1.2$. Evaluate each of the following: (6 points)

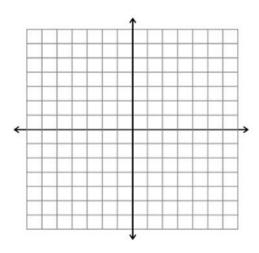
a)
$$\log_a 35$$

c)
$$\log_a \sqrt[3]{5}$$

4. Write an equation for the function described by the given characteristics. Then graph the function. (12 points)



Equation:



5. Find the **equation of the line** with the given conditions. **(9 points)**

5a) The slope is 3 and contains the point (-2,3)

5a)_____

5b) Parallel to the line x=5 and contains the point (4,2)

5b)_____

5c) Contains the points (-3,4) and (2,5)

- 6. Tell whether i) it is a polynomial function and ii) if it is an polynomial tell the degree of the polynomial: (8 points)
- 6a) $f(x) = 14x \frac{1}{2}x^5$

6b) h(x) = 6

i)_____

i)_____

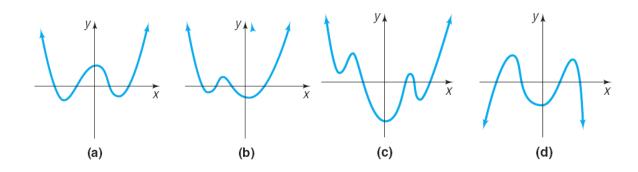
ii)

ii)_____

7. A total of \$10,000 is invested at an annual interest rate of 2%, compounded annually. **Set up** the equation to find the amount in the account after 2 years. **You do not need to** solve the equation. Hint: $A = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$ (6 points)

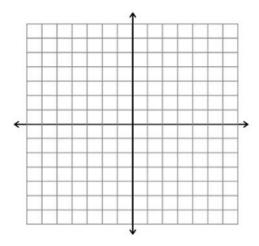
7)_____

8. Which of the graphs **could** be the graph of $f(x) = x^4 + 5x^3 - 5x + 6$ (6 points)



9. Describe the end behavior of the following polynomial. Then sketch the graph. (10 points)

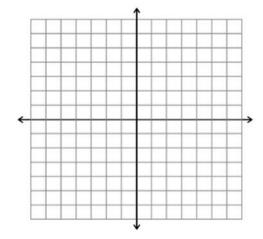
$$f(x) = 2x^2 + 8x + 2$$



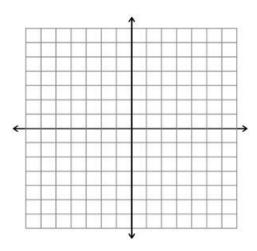
$$x \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, y = P(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

 $x \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, y = P(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

- 10. Find the standard form of the equation of the circle that satisfies the given conditions. Then graph the circle. (10 points)
- a) Center (3,-2) passing through the point (-1,1)



b) Center at the origin and radius is 4.



10b)

11. Solve. (9 points)

a)
$$2^x = 4^{2x+1}$$

11a)_____

b)
$$e^{-x^2} = e^{-3x-4}$$

11b)_____

c)
$$3(2^x) = 42$$

11c)_____

12. **(6 points)** Starting with the function $y = e^x$:

- a. Describe in words the sequence of transformations that results in the graph of $y = 2e^{3x-1} 3$
- b. Find the range of the function in part a.
- c. Find the horizontal asymptote for the function in part a.