

## Math 108 - Sample Exam

STUDENT'S NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

Instructor's name: \_\_\_\_\_

This exam consists of two parts:

1. a multiple-choice questions part - circle the appropriate answer
  2. a short-answer questions part - write the correct answer in the space provided.
- You have 45 minutes to answer all questions.

### PART 1 - MULTIPLE-CHOICE PROBLEMS

Only one answer in each problem is correct. Circle the correct answer. If you make a mistake and circle the wrong answer, cross it out and properly circle the correct answer.

1. Simplify  $\frac{(2x^2)^3}{4x^{-3}} =$

- (a)  $2x^9$                       (b)  $\frac{x^9}{2}$                       (c)  $2x^3$                       (d)  $\frac{x^3}{2}$                       (e)  $2x^8$

2. The solution to the equation  $4x - 5 = 7x + 11$  is:

- (a)  $-\frac{16}{3}$                       (b)  $-\frac{3}{16}$                       (c)  $\frac{16}{11}$                       (d)  $\frac{6}{11}$                       (e)  $-2$

3. Simplify  $\frac{\left(2x^{\frac{1}{2}}y^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)\left(4x^{-\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{y^{-2}} =$

- (a)  $\frac{16}{3x}$                       (b)  $\frac{8x^{\frac{3}{4}}}{y^{\frac{1}{3}}}$                       (c)  $\frac{8y^4}{x^7}$                       (d)  $\frac{8y^{\frac{8}{3}}}{x}$                       (e)  $\frac{8}{xy^{\frac{4}{3}}}$

4. One of the solutions to the equation  $3x(x - 2) = 2$  is

- (a) 4                      (b)  $1 + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{15}}$                       (c)  $1 - \frac{\sqrt{15}}{3}$                       (d)  $1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}$                       (e) 0

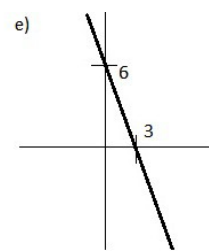
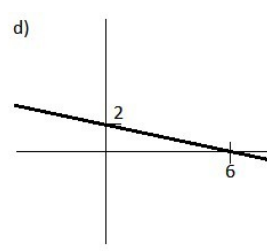
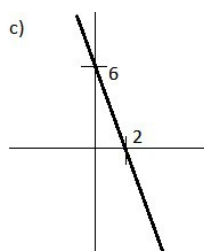
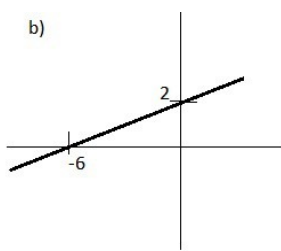
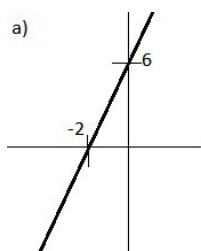
5. Simplify  $\left(\sqrt[3]{x^8}\right)^2 =$

- (a)  $9\sqrt{4x^8}$                       (b)  $36x^8$                       (c)  $6x^4$                       (d)  $12x^8$                       (e)  $3\sqrt[3]{16x^{16}}$

6. For  $x > 0$  expression  $^{-}\sqrt[4]{x^{16}}$  is equivalent to:

- (a)  $x^4$                       (b)  $x^2$                       (c)  $x^{-4}$                       (d)  $x^{1/2}$                       (e)  $\sqrt[6]{x^{16}}$

7. Which graph represents the line  $y = 3x + 6$



8. What is the solution of the system

$$\begin{aligned} 4x + y &= 1 \\ 2x - 3y &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

(a)  $x = -1, y = \frac{1}{2}$

(c)  $x = \frac{1}{2}, y = -1$

(e)  $x = \frac{1}{14}, y = \frac{5}{7}$

(b)  $x = \frac{55}{14}, y = \frac{9}{7}$

(d)  $x = -\frac{1}{14}, y = \frac{9}{7}$

9. Subtract and simplify  $\frac{x+2}{x-3} - \frac{x-1}{x+2} =$

(a)  $-1$

(c)  $\frac{4x+1}{(x-3)(x+2)}$

(e)  $\frac{7}{(x-3)(x+2)}$

(b)  $\frac{-x+1}{x-3}$

(d)  $\frac{8x+1}{(x-3)(x+2)}$

10. The expression  $\frac{x-y}{\frac{x}{y} - \frac{y}{x}}$  is equivalent to:

(a)  $y - 1$

(c)  $0$

(e)  $\frac{(x-y)(y^2-x^2)}{xy}$

(b)  $y - x$

(d)  $\frac{xy}{x+y}$

11. Given function  $f(x) = x^2 - 1$ , find and simplify  $f(x-3)$

(a)  $f(x-3) = -8$

(d)  $f(x-3) = x^2 - 16$

(b)  $f(x-3) = x^2 + 8$

(c)  $f(x-3) = x^2 - 6x + 8$

(e)  $f(x-3) = x^2 - 8x + 16$

12. The graph of  $5x - y = 3$  is perpendicular to:

(a)  $15x - 2y = 9$

(b)  $3x + 15y = 6$

(c)  $2x - 10y = 2$

(d)  $10x - 2y = 6$

(e)  $y = 5x$

13. Solve for  $x$ :  $2^{3x-1} = \frac{1}{8}$

(a)  $-\frac{7}{24}$

(b)  $\frac{4}{3}$

(c)  $\frac{3}{8}$

(d)  $\frac{17}{48}$

(e)  $-\frac{2}{3}$

14. Suppose  $x \geq 0$ , then  $\sqrt{x^2 + 16x^4} =$

(a)  $x + 4x^2$

(b)  $x\sqrt{1+16x^2}$

(c)  $4x^3$

(d)  $x^2(1+4x)$

(e)  $x^2\sqrt{1+16x^2}$

15. A small coffee mug costs \$3, and a large mug costs \$5. Alice bought a total of 65 mugs for which she paid \$285. How many large mugs did she buy?

- (a) 13                      (b) 20                      (c) 45                      (d) 57                      (e) 60

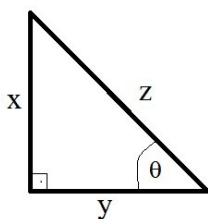
16. If  $\log_{16}(x) = -\frac{1}{2}$ , then  $x =$

- (a)  $\frac{1}{4}$                       (b) 4                      (c)  $-\frac{1}{8}$                       (d) -8                      (e)  $-\frac{1}{2}$

17. Suppose  $0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$  and  $2 \sin \theta - \sqrt{3} = 0$ . One value of  $\theta$  is:

- (a)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$                       (b)  $\frac{\pi}{6}$                       (c)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$                       (d)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$                       (e)  $\frac{2\pi}{3}$

18. In the figure below  $x = 3$  and  $y = 5$ , the length  $z =$

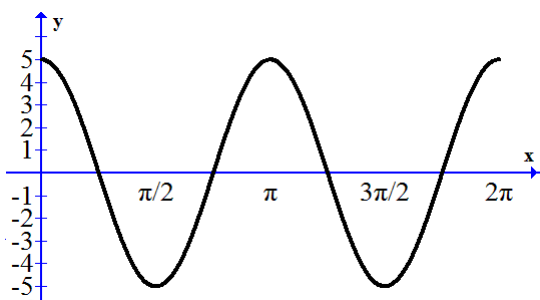


- (a) 4                      (b) 34                      (c)  $\frac{3}{\sin \theta}$                       (d)  $\frac{5}{\sin \theta}$                       (e)  $3 \sin \theta$

19.  $1 - (\cos(2x))^2$  is equivalent to:

- (a)  $1 - 4 \cos^2 x$                       (c)  $\sin^2(2x)$                       (e) None of the above  
 (b)  $1 - \cos(4x^2)$                       (d) a, b, and c (all)

20. The sketch below represents a part of a graph of which equation?



- (a)  $y = 5 \sin(2x)$                       (c)  $y = 5 \cos(2x)$                       (e)  $y = 5 \cos \left( \frac{x}{2} \right)$   
 (b)  $y = 5 \cos(x)$                       (d)  $y = 5 \sin \left( \frac{x}{2} \right)$

Part 2 on the next page.

**PART 2 - SHORT-ANSWER PROBLEMS**

Write answer to each question in the space provided.

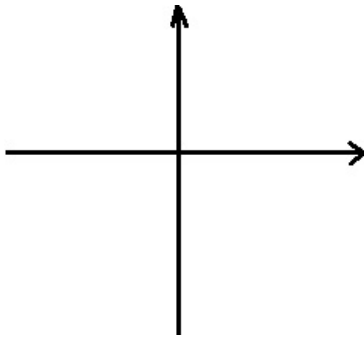
21. Solve the inequality:  $\frac{1}{2} - 3x \leq 2x + \frac{3}{4}$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

22. Solve for  $x$  in terms of other variables:  $p - 2\sqrt{x+c} = u$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

23. Sketch the graph of  $y = -x^2 + 4$



Answer:

24. Find the value of  $\tan(120^\circ)$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

25. If  $\csc \theta = \sqrt{5}$ , and  $0 < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$  find the value of  $\cos \theta$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_